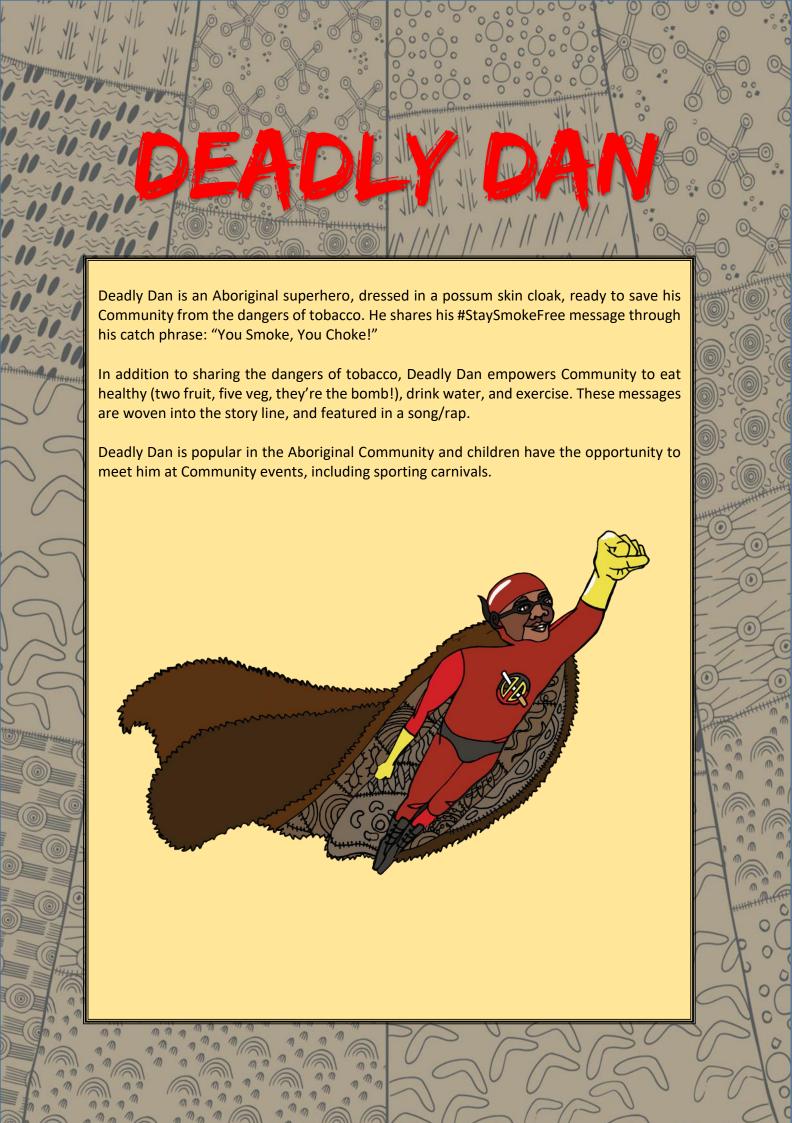
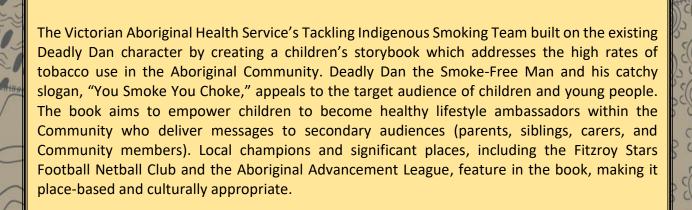
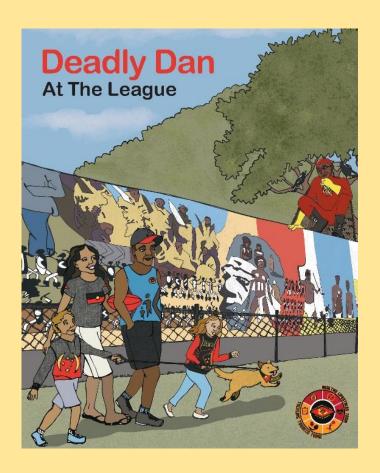


Teacher's Notes







The Victorian Aboriginal Health Service's Tackling Indigenous Smoking Team worked with a film production company to bring Deadly Dan's "You Smoke You Choke" message off the page and onto the screen. Local Aboriginal talent auditioned to play the characters, and to become smoke-free ambassadors for the Community. The film features many local cultural landmarks, including The Aborigines Advancement League and Victorian Aboriginal Health Service.

The film aims to engage Community through another medium to promote and strengthen Deadly Dan's messages about the dangers of tobacco. Although children are the target audience of the film, it provides additional opportunity to bring families and the wider Community together to make smoke-free choices.



# EDUCATION SUITE OVERVIEW

The Deadly Dan Education Suite is an ongoing resource that will include 11 lesson plans under the following themes:

- Tobacco
  - o Health Harms
  - Environmental Harms
  - Policy
- Place
  - o St. Georges Road Mural & Local Aboriginal Heroes
  - Local Aboriginal Organisations
- Culture
  - o Possum Skin Cloak
  - Wurundjeri Language
  - o Totems
  - o Boomerangs
- Physical Education & Nutrition
  - Traditional Games & Marngrooks
  - Nutrition & Drinking Water

## This version of Teacher's Notes covers the following lessons:

- Tobacco
  - Health Harms
    - Activity: True or False & What am I
- Place
  - o St. Georges Road Mural & Local Aboriginal Heroes
    - Activity: Design your own Mural

# TOBACCO HEALTH HARMS

# Activity: True or False & What Am I

Time	Focus/Activity	Resources	Outcomes
5 mins	Tobacco Health Harms background  • Gather information from the class about the health consequences of smoking	Factsheet: Tobacco Health Harms	Students share current knowledge of the tobacco health harms.
10-15 mins	<ul> <li>True or False</li> <li>Option A: Read the provided scenarios to the class and see if they can identify the statement as true or false aloud or by raising their hand.</li> <li>Option B: Ask children to stand in the middle of the room and allocate true to one side and false to the other.         Ask students to move to the side of the room they believe fits the statement.     </li> </ul>	True or False Scenario/Answer Sheet	Students are able to identify health consequences of tobacco.
20 mins	<ul> <li>What am I?</li> <li>In groups of 4 -5, ask students to draw the outline of a body on butcher's paper. Read each statement and ask them to guess what part of the body it refers to.</li> </ul>	What Am I Statement/Answer Sheet	Students understand how tobacco affects specific body parts, and has serious overall health consequences.

#### **Factsheet: Tobacco Health Harms**

- Nicotine is the addictive drug in tobacco
- Some of the chemicals you breathe in from cigarette smoke:

Chemical:	Used in:	
Nicotine	Bug sprays	
Sulfuric acid and Cadium	Car batteries	
Naphthalene	Moth balls	
Tar	Road material	
Carbon Monoxide	Car exhaust	
DDT	Insecticides	
Methanol	Rocket fuel	
Acetone	Nail-polish remover	
Butane	Cigarette lighters	
Ammonia	Cleaning products	
Arsenic	Rat poison	

- In Australia more people are killed by smoking than the combination of deaths caused by alcohol, other drugs, road/rail/air crashes, poisoning, drownings, fires, lightning, electrocution, snake/spider/shark bites
- Only a few cigarettes need to be consumed for a person to become addicted. You can become addicted even if you only smoke occasionally, such as at parties or on holidays.
- Among the five greatest risk factors for mortality, tobacco use is the single most preventable cause of death.
- There are more than 4000 chemicals that are dangerous to your health when you breathe in second-hand smoke, these can cause: breathing problems, sneezing and coughing, smelly hair and clothes, ear infections, etc.
- 80% of lung cancer cases are due to smoking and is the most common form of cancer caused by smoking. This is because cigarette smoke contains many chemicals that make it difficult for the lungs to filter clear air.
- 30% of heart disease in those under 65 years of age is caused by smoking. Smoking temporarily raises heart rate and blood pressure and reduces the ability of blood to carry oxygen. Smoking clogs the arteries with dangerous fatty deposits.
- Emphysema is a condition that results in shortness of breath as well as coughing. The
  major cause of emphysema is smoking. Emphysema is when the air sacs of the lungs are
  damaged and cause the small airways to collapse. This makes it extremely difficult to
  breathe.

## For more information:

- <a href="https://www.quit.org.au/tools/effects-smoking-your-body/?gclid=EAIaIQobChMIzLqB9dfW2gIVTiQrCh1EigsvEAAYASAAEgKpi">https://www.quit.org.au/tools/effects-smoking-your-body/?gclid=EAIaIQobChMIzLqB9dfW2gIVTiQrCh1EigsvEAAYASAAEgKpi</a> D BwE
- <a href="https://www.educationworld.com/a lesson/TM/WS smoking game.shtml">https://www.educationworld.com/a lesson/TM/WS smoking game.shtml</a>
- <a href="https://www.smarterthansmoking.org.au/for-schools/primary-resources/">https://www.smarterthansmoking.org.au/for-schools/primary-resources/</a>
- https://www.quit.org.au/tools/effects-smoking-yourbody/?gclid=EAIaIQobChMlgprX48Pg2glVkTUrCh02RQImEAAYASAAEglJn D BwE
- <a href="https://www.healthdirect.gov.au/emphysema">https://www.healthdirect.gov.au/emphysema</a>

# True or False Scenario/Answer Sheet

- 1) Throat cancer is the most common form of cancer caused by smoking.

  (False Lung cancer is the most common form of cancer, and is responsible for 80% of lung cancer cases)
- 2) In Australia, more people are killed by smoking than the combination of deaths caused by alcohol, other drugs, road/rail/air crashes, poisoning, drownings, fires, lightning, electrocution, snake/spider/shark bites.

  (True- smoking can damage blood vessels walls making it more difficult for the heart to pump blood to the hands and feet resulting in discoloration)
- 3) Smokers don't get wrinkles.

  (False smokers tend to develop wrinkles earlier than non-smokers)
- 4) Smoking can cause type-2 diabetes.

  (True Smokers with diabetes have a greater risk of heart disease, stroke and disease of the blood vessels than non-smokers with diabetes)
- 5) Smoking cigarettes can give you great vision.

  (False Smoking does not improve your vision. It increases the likelihood of macular degeneration which is the most common cause of blindness for people aged 40+)
- 6) Cutting down on cigarettes or changing to milder cigarettes will improve your health. (False any form of smoking is dangerous and can result in negative health-related outcomes)
- 7) It is too late to quit, the damage is already done.

  (False your body starts to repair itself almost immediately when you stop smoking)
- 8) When you smoke your body temperature becomes irregular (True 20 minutes after smoking a cigarette your body temperature returns to normal)
- 9) Smoking dulls your taste and smell. (True stop smoking and within 48hours your ability to taste and smell greatly improves)
- 10) People who have smoked cigarettes will have a 'smokers cough' forever'.

  (False In 1-9 months coughing, sinus congestion, fatigue and shortness of breath will all decrease)

# What Am I Statement/Answer Sheet

# Statements:

Cigarettes make me lose my shine and make me smell.	Cigarette smoke makes me sore, watery and itchy. Cigarette smoke also makes it hard for me to wear contact lenses.	Cigarette smoke causes a part of me to block up and develop infections. This is called glue ear.
Cigarettes cause me to develop wrinkles and become dry and discoloured. I also take longer to heal if I get cut or scratched than my friends who don't smoke.	Cigarettes give me smelly breath and stained teeth. I can't taste my food as well as my friends who don't smoke.	Cigarettes can make it harder for me to breathe so I don't feel as fit as other people.
Cigarettes increase blood pressure as blood vessels become smaller in the body. This means I have to beat faster and work harder to push blood around the body.	Cigarettes damage my nasal hairs and make me lose my sense of smell.	Cigarettes give me stained fingers and I sometimes shake if I haven't had a cigarette for a while.

# Answers:

Hair	Eyes	Ears
Skin	Mouth	Lungs
Heart	Nose	Hands



# Activity: Design your own mural

Time	Focus/Activity	Resources	Outcomes
5 mins  10 mins	Mural Background  Discuss the history of the Aboriginal Advancement League and St. Georges Road Mural, including its location and significance for local Aboriginal people, with the class.  Jock Austin & Sir Douglas	Factsheets:     Aborigines     Advancement     League & St.     Georges Road     Mural      Factsheet: Jock	Students     recognise the St.     Georges Road     Mural, and     understand its     history and     significance.      Students are
10 1111113	<ul> <li>Nicholls</li> <li>Discuss Jock Austin and Sir Douglas Nicholls (show photos) with the class, and explain why they are important leaders.</li> <li>Ask the class what makes Jock Austin &amp; Sir Douglas inspiring.</li> <li>Ask the class to identify important people to them, including well known heroes and personal heroes.</li> </ul>	Austin & Sir Douglas Nicholls	familiar with historical activism of these Aboriginal leaders.  Students understand the importance sharing stories of inspiring people.
30 mins	Design your own Mural	Design your own	• Students
	<ul> <li>Students design their own mural which includes people and moments that influence and inspire them.</li> </ul>	mural template.	understand the importance of sharing stories of inspiring people.
20 mins	<ul> <li>Ask students to share their mural creation and explain what they created. For example, what are they proud of and who inspires them?</li> </ul>	• N/A	Students practice and demonstrate public speaking skills.

### **Factsheet: Aborigines Advancement League**

The story of Deadly Dan takes place at The Aborigines Advancement League (The League). The League was formed in 1957 in Thornbury and is the oldest Aboriginal organisation in Australia. In the 1960s The League became fully controlled by Aboriginal people. The League is significant in the Community for its influence and fight for the civil rights of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. The organisation has a long history of initiating programs to promote self-determination of Aboriginal people in Victoria, and has ultimately become a place of leadership and inspiring community heroes.

# **Key talking points:**

- First and oldest Aboriginal organisation in Australia
- Was significant in the fight for Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander rights
- Promotes self-determination of Aboriginal people in Victoria
- Demonstrates Aboriginal leadership and has many inspiring community heroes

- <a href="http://aal.org.au/HOME/HOME 01.html">http://aal.org.au/HOME/HOME 01.html</a>
- <a href="https://collections.museumvictoria.com.au/articles/8066">https://collections.museumvictoria.com.au/articles/8066</a>
- <a href="http://www.emelbourne.net.au/biogs/EM01551b.htm">http://www.emelbourne.net.au/biogs/EM01551b.htm</a>

### **Factsheet: St. Georges Road Mural**

The St. Georges Road Mural is featured on the front of the Deadly Dan book and is a familiar and important landmark to Aboriginal people in Victoria. It features Aboriginal leaders and heroes including Sir Douglas Nicholls, Archie Roach and Ruby Hunter.

The Mural was created in 1983 and was originally located opposite Northcote Town Hall on High street and named 'Northcote Koori Mural'. It was designed by Megan Evans in collaboration with members of the Aboriginal community including artists Lin Onus, Les Griggs, Ray Thomas, Millie Yarran, Elaine Trott and Ian Johnson.

The Mural was created to represent Aboriginal history, including the land rights movement, dispossession, oppression and ultimately the survival of the Aboriginal community.

In 2013 the mural was restored using a digital replica which includes a new panel designed by Gary Saunders. Today the Mural is located at the Aboriginal Advancement League along St. Georges Road.

#### **Key Talking Points:**

- The mural represents the history and self-determination and survival of Aboriginal people
- Important local landmark to Aboriginal people of Victoria
- Showcases local Aboriginal talent through art

- http://vhd.heritagecouncil.vic.gov.au/places/26690/download-report
- https://www.revolvy.com/main/index.php?s=Northcote%20Koori%20Mural
- <a href="http://www.heraldsun.com.au/leader/north/thornburys-famed-koori-mural-returns-in-digital-form/news-story/5aaec20272a7aac3b91edca5b33b08ee">http://www.heraldsun.com.au/leader/north/thornburys-famed-koori-mural-returns-in-digital-form/news-story/5aaec20272a7aac3b91edca5b33b08ee</a>
- http://www.heraldsun.com.au/leader/north/thornburys-dilapidated-aboriginesadvancement-league-koori-mural-to-be-replaced-with-digital-version/newsstory/566219205e00e2559e8177dbfbf3968e

#### Factsheet: Herbert 'Jock' Austin (1938-1990)



Jock Austin, a Gunditjmara man, moved to Melbourne in the late 1950s and was one of the most influential leaders in the Aboriginal community in Victoria. Jock promoted sport not only as a means to improve health and wellbeing, but also as a way to restore pride and purpose to the lives of the most disadvantaged.

He opened the Fitzroy Stars Aboriginal Community Youth Club Gymnasium in 1982 and its success lead the Aboriginal Development Commission to purchase a building in Gertrude Street Fitzroy, now known as Melbourne Aboriginal Youth, Sport and Recreation (MAYSAR). It is still located there today.

These facilities provided young Aboriginal people with a place to learn, train, and connect with peers; sports included boxing, cricket, netball, kickboxing and aerobics. Overtime though they became far more than just a youth gymnasium, it was a safe and welcoming place that offered shelter and structure to anyone who sought it.

Jock believed in the value of education and strived to help his people understand their history and the world around them.

Over the years, Jock and his wife opened their home to countless young people in need. A passionate footballer, Jock had a long association with the Fitzroy Stars Football Club (FSFC), an Aboriginal team established in the early 1970s. He also worked hard to establish what is today known as the Sir Doug Nicholls Sports Oval at the Aborigines Advancement League.

# **Key Talking Points:**

- Jock was a charismatic leader who dedicated his life to promoting sports for Aboriginal people
- He opened many important training and Community facilities

- <a href="https://www.vic.gov.au/aboriginalvictoria/community-engagement/leadership-programs/aboriginal-honour-roll/2013-victorian-aboriginal-honour-roll/herbert-jock-austin.html">https://www.vic.gov.au/aboriginalvictoria/community-engagement/leadership-programs/aboriginal-honour-roll/2013-victorian-aboriginal-honour-roll/herbert-jock-austin.html</a>
- <a href="http://www.abc.net.au/radionational/programs/archived/hindsight/the-black-mile/2984390">http://www.abc.net.au/radionational/programs/archived/hindsight/the-black-mile/2984390</a>
- <a href="https://www.sbs.com.au/news/melbourne-gym-inspiring-next-generation-of-indigenous-boxers">https://www.sbs.com.au/news/melbourne-gym-inspiring-next-generation-of-indigenous-boxers</a>

### **Factsheet: Sir Douglas Nicholls**



Sir Douglas Nicholls lived an incredible life. He was born in 1906 at Cummeragunga on the land of his people, the Yorta Yorta people. He left school at the age of 14, when the Aborigines Protection Board forced him to leave his home and find work as a labourer. In his lifetime, he overcame the trauma of losing his sister, as well as facing racism and prejudice, and went on to have an incredible career as a professional sportsman and leader.

After a stellar football career with Fitzroy and representing Victoria in the State of Origin, Sir Douglas Nicholls went on to become a civil rights leader in Australia. He was a founding member of the Aborigines Advancement League in Victoria, whose Thornbury base remains a hub for many in the Koori Community. It is the home ground of the Fitzroy Stars football club known as the Sir Douglas Nicholls Oval.

Together with his wife, Sir Douglas Nicholls played a pivotal role in fighting for the rights of Aboriginal people in Australia. They worked tirelessly to improve conditions for their people in Melbourne, across Victoria and nationally.

#### **Key Talking Points:**

• Sir Douglas Nicholls was a footballer and civil rights leader in Australia

- https://www.amnesty.org.au/sir-doug-nicholls/
- http://adb.anu.edu.au/biography/nicholls-sir-douglas-ralph-doug-14920

